FLORIDA SALTWATER RECREATIONAL

FISHING REGULATIONS



2022

Saltwater Angler Recognition

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Lionfish Page 4

New Artificial **Reef Deployments** Page 7

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Water -----

Applies to Florida State Waters of the Gulf and Atlantic | Issued: July 2022

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FISHING REGULATIONS

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You can obtain a license 24 hours a day at **GoOutdoorsFlorida.com** or through the Fish|Hunt Florida mobile app, and begin fishing immediately!

Licenses are also available toll-free at 1-888-FISHFLORIDA (1-888-347-4356). Processing fees apply to telephone and Internet sales.

Contact us

Go to MyFWC.com for up-to-date information on recreational saltwater fishing regulations, news and events as well as resources, publications and videos.

Visit the FWC's Fish and Wildlife Research Institute online at MyFWC.com/Research

For federal fishing regulations, please contact:

- Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council 888-833-1844 www.gulfcouncil.org
- South Atlantic Fishery Management Council 866-SAFMC-10 www.safmc.net
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) 727-824-5301 www.nmfs.noaa.gov

For additional information please contact:

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

MyFWC.com

Division of Marine Fisheries Management 1875 Orange Ave. East Tallahassee, Florida 32311 850-487-0554

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or contact/write to: Civil Rights Accessibility Coordinator for Public Access, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program, 5275 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA 22041; Telephone 703-358-2349 or 703-358-2131.

Wildlife alert reward program

Report fish and wildlife law violations by calling toll-free 1-888-404-FWCC (3922); on cell phones, dial *FWC or #FWC depending on service carrier; or click MyFWC.com/Contact.

On the cover

- Yellowtail snapper in active descent with a lip clamp descending device. Photo by Return 'em Right.
- Have a picture for the cover?
- Please send your photographs to: Saltwater@MyFWC.com.
- Saltwater@wyrwc.com



Introduction

This publication is provided as a guide to Florida fishing laws and regulations. The Florida Administrative Code is the final authority on fishing laws. The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) strives to ensure information in this booklet is accurate, but assumes no liability for any errors that occur in this publication. Contact the FWC if you have any questions on issues not covered in this booklet. A continuously updated electronic version of this publication is available at MyFWC.com/Fishing by clicking on "Saltwater" and "Recreational Regulations."

About licenses and permits

The money collected from saltwater fishing licenses and permits is used to improve and restore fish habitat and for marine fisheries research, law enforcement and public education on marine resources. Recreational licenses and permits, including reprints, are available at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com, Fish|Hunt Fl app, tax collectors' offices, license agents, or by calling toll-free 888-FISH-FLORIDA (347-4356). Handling fees apply to telephone and internet sales. See more information on page 22.

Thank you for contributing to conservation

Your purchases of fishing equipment, motorboat fuel and fishing licenses help improve fishing and boating opportunities in Florida through the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration program (SFR). SFR is a successful cycle of federal funding that includes anglers, the fishing and boating industry, and conservation agencies with the goal to restore and better manage America's recreational fisheries. Funding is derived through an excise tax on fishing gear and motorboat fuel, paid by anglers through fishing and boating manufacturers.

Through this federal "user-pay, public-benefit" system of conservation, millions of dollars in funding each year go toward fisheries research, habitat management, stock enhancement, artificial reefs, boating access improvements, angler outreach and aquatic education. To learn more about how everyone benefits from enhanced fishing opportunities provided through the program, visit MyFWC.com/SFR.

2022 Commission meeting dates and locations

Subject to change due to availability of appropriate facilities to hold the meeting.

- March 2-3
- May 4-5
- July 13-14
- September 28-29
- November 30-December 1

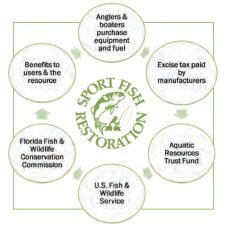
*Dates subject to change

For more information about Commission meeting dates, times, locations and agendas, visit MyFWC.com and click on "About Us" and "Commission Meetings" on the top of the page.

Make reel memories.

Stuart, located in Martin County, is known as the Sailfish Capital of the World. Sitting on the most biodiverse estuary in the Northern Hemisphere, Martin County is home to 100 artificial reef systems and over 800 species of fish. Its climate, waterways, natural environment and opportunity for diverse catches make it a mecca for fishermen and nautical explorers year-round. An array of unique shops, fine restaurants, great golf courses and quiet beaches make a day ashore fun, too. Inshore, offshore, saltwater or fresh, head out for an adventure and reel in the memories. **Plan your trip at myfloridafishingtrip.com**

MARTIN COUNTY Florida



COMMISSIONER'S MESSAGE

Message from the FWC by Chairman Rodney Barreto

With more than one million registered vessels in Florida, our state has solidified its place as the Boating and Fishing Capital of the World. For those of us lucky enough to call Florida home, we understand the importance of working together to preserve our state's natural resources for future generations.

As Chairman of the Commission that is responsible for managing and protecting fish and wildlife, I am proud of all our staff who work hard every day to provide residents and visitors numerous opportunities to enjoy the outdoors. I am also proud of our law enforcement officers who are dedicated to protecting fish and wildlife as well as the public.

Summer is in full swing and that means there are plenty of months ahead to enjoy Florida's beautiful waterways. As seasons for bay scallops, red snapper, and spiny lobster open to harvest, anglers can try their hand at an abundance of saltwater fishing opportunities from inshore fishing for species like spotted seatrout to offshore fishing for species like amberjack and grouper. Whether you're a new or experienced angler, you'll want to check out our new free online course, Florida Friendly Angler. Fishermen can learn about fisheries management and up their fishing game by learning skills and practices that help ensure fishing opportunities for the future. The course is comprised of three self-paced modules that cover environmental ethics, best fishing practices, and fisheries management. You can register for the course at bit.ly/3yoIkG4.

We also offer tons of resources on MyFWC. com/Marine including information on current regulations, how to fish, saltwater fishing tips, where to fish, ethical angling techniques, boating etiquette and more.

Trying to figure out where to go? Check out our new Where to Fish page at MyFWC.com/ Marine. Or use our website to search for an artificial reef, wildlife management area, boat ramp, or fishing pier near you.

We are thankful for all our customers and stakeholders who visit us online, via email, and in person. Let us know how we are doing.

This input is valuable, and we urge you to continue the conversation by reaching out to us at Marine@MyFWC.com, at MyFWC.com/SaltwaterComments or at 850-487-0554.



You can also help the next generation of Florida's youth learn to fish by donating to the Fish and Wildlife Foundation of Florida (www.wildlifeflorida.org),

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our nonprofit citizen support organization, which is also working to conserve our reefs and estuaries.





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Reef to Table Dinner: How to create a sustainable meal with Florida's invasive lionfish

If you've done any amount of offshore fishing or diving in Florida over the past 10 years, chances are you've probably seen, caught, or at least heard about lionfish before. For the folks reading this article that haven't heard the news, here's the scoop.

Lionfish are an invasive marine reef fish that now call the majority of the western Atlantic, the Caribbean, and the Gulf of Mexico their home. These invaders hale from the Indo-Pacific and were thought to be brought to this side of the planet through the aquarium trade. Unfortunately, the two traits that make these fish perfect for an aquarium; their beauty and heartiness, also made them the perfect invader. So perfect that lionfish are considered the worst marine invasion in history!

With high rates of reproduction, voracious appetites, and tolerance to a wide range of habitat conditions, lionfish spell trouble for our native ecosystems. A unique coloration and more than a dozen venomous spines, allow this invader to avoid predation from every species in Florida except one — humans.

Humans are the only hope for controlling lionfish within their invaded range, and we're in luck because they are incredibly delicious. Don't believe us? Try it for yourself! Here's how to get lionfish on your dinner plate tonight.

Catch

The first step in this process is going to be obtaining your fish. For most people, driving down to your local fish house and picking up a handful of fillets is going to be the best route. Many locations in Florida keep lionfish in stock, but you may want to call around before hopping in the car. For those of you with access to a boat and time to spare, harvesting the lionfish yourself is also an option. Visit FWCReefRangers.com to learn more about harvesting lionfish



Lionfish harvester Dean Ruscoe showing off his catch.

Clean

We know what you're wondering, what about that venom? Lionfish do have 18 venomous spines. The tissue within these spines contains a neuromuscular toxin that can cause pain, swelling, and other side effects when injected into the body. Luckily, there are no reported deaths from a lionfish sting and there is no venom contained within the flesh of the fish making them perfectly safe to eat.

Filleting a lionfish is like filleting any other type of fish except for using caution to avoid those venomous spines. If you put the fish on its side, you can easily hold the fish by the gill plates without getting stuck. Another option is to wear puncture-resistant gloves. Some also choose to cut the spines off before filleting.

Cook

This is where you can let your creativity run wild. Lionfish are a highly sought-after fish in many high-end seafood restaurants because of their excellent quality. When cooked, lionfish fillets are firm, white, and flaky, with a very mild taste comparable to snapper or hogfish. This means that lionfish can be prepared in a variety of dishes. You may want to keep it classic, pan-searing the fillet with butter and lemon, or go wild, cooking the fish whole with head and spines still intact. If you want to impress a crowd, lionfish ceviche is sure to please, or a classic fish fry! Lionfish taste excellent underneath a coating of cornmeal batter and hot oil.

Whichever way you decide to prepare your meal, you can end your day happy knowing that your meal helped protect Florida's marine ecosystems.

Want to learn more about FWC's lionfish control initiatives? Visit MyFWC.com/Lionfish.



Lionfish fillet demonstration.



Lionfish served whole and garnished with lemon.

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Hooked a Bird? Don't Cut the Line!

Even if you take precautionary steps to avoid it, sometimes you might hook a bird by accident. That's when it's important to remember-don't cut the line and let the bird fly away with it attached. This can lead to entanglement and death of birds (and an inconvenient loss of line). Instead, follow these simple steps to unhook the bird: Reel. Remove. Release.

- 1. Wear safety glasses and enlist a partner How else can you keep the seabirds away for help.
- 2. Reel the bird in slowly and lift it from the water using a hoop net.
- 3. Grasp the bird by the head just behind the eyes and fold the wings against the body. For pelicans, hold the beak, keeping the mouth slightly open so it can breathe. Cover the bird's head with a cloth to keep it calm.
- 4. Remove the barb and hook from the bird using pliers or clippers. If the bird is entangled, remove all line.
- 5. Release the bird (if healthy) by placing it on the ground near the water and allowing it to take off.
- 6. If the bird has swallowed the hook or is severely injured, contact a local seabird rehabilitator. For help finding one, use the link to the locator app at MyFWC.com/Unhook.

from your fish and reduce entanglement?

- 1. Don't feed the birds, which teaches them to approach where they are more likely to interfere with fishing.
- 2. Dispose of filleted bones where birds can't get them — in a trash can with lid or at home.
- 3. Cover bait buckets and take unused bait home. 4. Dispose of fishing line in a monofilament
- recycling bin or cut into small pieces and place in the trash.
- 5. Don't leave your line unattended.
- 6. Cast carefully to avoid being snared on trees, bridge piles, power lines or obstacles.
- 7. Help others learn what to do when they accidentally hook a bird. It's pretty easy, once you know how.





ARTIFICIAL REEFS

Florida manages one of the most diverse, and most active artificial reef programs in the United States. As of May 2022, the FWC Artificial Reef Program has recorded over 3,940 artificial reef deployment locations state-wide. Since November 2021, 28 new artificial reefs have been constructed and the locations from a subset of the most recent reefs are listed in the table below. To download a complete list of Florida's artificial reef locations in a variety of digital formats, view an interactive map, and learn more about Florida's artificial reef program, please visit MyFWC.com/ArtificialReefs.

Highlights from the 82 Artificial Reefs deployed during 2021

DeployID	County	Date	Deployment Name	Material	Tons	Relief	Depth	Lat (DM)	Long (DM)
PB0138	Palm Beach	11/04/2021	ARHF Juno Culverts	Concrete culverts (497 pieces)	497	8	74	26° 52.766' N	80° 01.808' W
ST0210	Sarasota	11/08/2021	Silvertooth 18/25	34 Concrete modules (various designs)	65	4	25	27° 17.170' N	82° 35.952' W
SL0081	St. Lucie	12/01/2021	The Aftersome Reef	Barge (418' long)	2688	28	175	27° 24.235' N	80° 00.422' W
PB0139	Palm Beach	01/14/2022	Sugar Sands Boulders	Limestone boulders	914	10	30	26° 47.743' N	80° 02.726' W
DA0257	Miami-Dade	01/25/2022	Eternal Reef #37	8 Concrete modules (small domes)	2	4	45	25° 57.762' N	80° 05.897' W
DA0258	Miami-Dade	01/25/2022	Golden Beach Eternal Reef #37	8 Concrete modules (small domes)	2	4	45	25° 57.762' N	80° 05.897' W
ST0211	Sarasota	02/22/2022	Hart's Family Reef	3 Concrete modules (small domes)	1	2	14	27° 22.079' N	82° 34.513' W
ST0214	Sarasota	02/28/2022	Silvertooth 25 Bay Balls	4 Concrete modules (small domes)	5	4	30	27° 17.163' N	82° 35.971' W
OK0374	Okaloosa	03/02/2022	M/V Miss Joann	Steel tug (64' long)	50	35	119	30° 07.613' N	86° 23.491' W
ST0215	Sarasota	03/28/2022	Silvertooth 26 Bay Balls	13 Concrete modules (small domes)	9	27	30	27° 17.170' N	82° 35.952' W
DA0259	Miami-Dade	04/11/2022	Golden Beach Eternal Reef #38	7 Concrete modules (small domes)	4	41	45	25° 57.770' N	80° 05.891' W
BA0514	Bay	05/02/2022	Allen Family Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (8' tetrahedrons)	5	8	74	29° 55.310' N	85° 36.225' W
BA0515	Bay	05/02/2022	Gronbeck Family Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (8' tetrahedrons)	5	8	74	29° 55.460' N	85° 36.218' W
BA0516	Bay	05/02/2022	Frank Visconti Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (8' tetrahedrons)	5	8	74	29° 55.460' N	85° 36.033' W
BA0517	Bay	05/02/2022	Robert Boyd Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (8' tetrahedrons)	5	8	73	29° 55.460' N	85° 35.855' W
BA0518	Bay	05/02/2022	Henry Coghlan Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (various designs)	6	8	65	29° 55.089' N	85° 33.404' W
BA0519	Bay	05/02/2022	Marty Jaron Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (various designs)	6	8	59	29° 54.970' N	85° 32.730' W
BA0520	Bay	05/02/2022	Ryan Tillison Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (various designs)	6	8	57	29° 54.617' N	85° 32.407' W
BA0521	Bay	05/02/2022	William Tuttle Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (various designs)	6	8	55	29° 54.575' N	85° 32.075' W
BA0522	Bay	05/02/2022	Kay Thomas Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (8' tetrahedrons)	5	8	58	29° 43.250' N	85° 28.343' W
BA0523	Bay	05/02/2022	Charles Deaton Memorial	1 Concrete module (8' tetrahedron)	2	8	69	29° 43.444' N	85° 29.143' W
BA0524	Bay	05/02/2022	Kirby Watkins Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (8' tetrahedrons)	5	8	84	29° 46.263' N	85° 36.051' W
BA0525	Bay	05/02/2022	Kenneth Hitt Memorial Reef	2 Concrete modules (various designs)	5	8	95	29° 43.951' N	85° 41.485' W
BA0526	Bay	05/02/2022	MB-275 Unnamed	2 Concrete modules (various designs)	20	25	76	29° 54.866' N	85° 40.468' W
BA0527	Bay	05/02/2022	CCA Florida and Duke Energy	8 Concrete modules (various designs)	82	25	76	29° 55.384' N	85° 40.744' W



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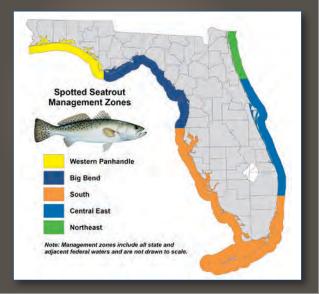




MANAGEMENT ZONES

Spotted Seatrout Management Zones

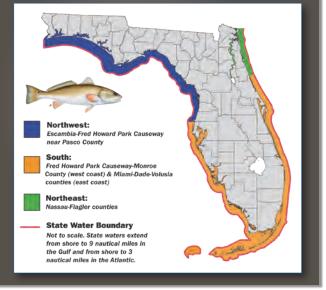
Spotted seatrout has five management zones and the recreational bag limit is three fish in the western panhandle region, five fish in the big bend region, three fish in the south region, two fish in the central east region and five fish in the northeast region.



Red Drum Management Zones

For red drum, there are three management zones. The daily bag limit is one fish in the northwest and south zones and two fish in the northeast zone.

NEW Regulations coming soon.







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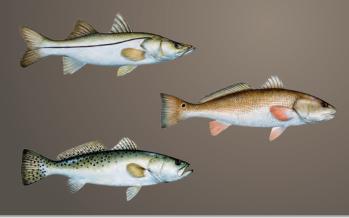
Levy County Visitors Bureau www.visitnaturecoast.com 352-528-4030

Photo by Bonish Photography

Snook, Red Drum, and Seatrout Short-Term Management

Sarasota Bay through Gordon Pass in Collier County:

- · Snook and redfish will remain catch-and-release through August 31, 2022.
- Spotted seatrout harvest is allowed with a three fish per person or six fish per vessel which ever is less. Commercial harvesters will also be held to the recreational three-fish bag and six-fish vessel limits through August 31, 2022.
- These regulations are for all state waters south of State Road 64 in Manatee County including Palma Sola Bay through Gordon Pass in Collier County but not including the Braden River or any tributaries of the Manatee River.









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Florida Recreational Saltwater Fishing Regulations

Regulations apply to state waters of the Gulf and Atlantic

Reef Fish

Snapper

General Snapper Regulations:

- Snapper Aggregate Bag Limit - Within state waters of the Atlantic and Gulf, all species of spapper are included in a 10 fish per harvester per day aggregate bag limit in any combination of snapper species, unless stated otherwise.
- Seasons If no seasonal information is provided, the species is open year-round.

Other Snapper

Minimum Size Limits:

- Dog and Mahogany: Atlantic and Gulf - 12"
- · No minimum size limit for other snappers

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: · Atlantic and Gulf - 10 per harvester

See page 18 for gear rules pertaining to reef fish.

Grouper

Atlantic Grouper **General Regulations:**

- Atlantic grouper regulations apply to all state waters of the Atlantic and all state waters off Monroe County (Gulf and Atlantic sides).
- Atlantic Grouper/Tilefish Aggregate Bag Limit includes all species of grouper plus golden and blueline tilefish included in a 3 fish per harvester per day aggregate bag limit in any combination of species.
- Seasons If no seasonal information is provided, the species is open year-round.

Gulf Grouper General Regulations:

- · Gulf grouper regulations apply to all state waters of the Gulf except off Monroe County (where Atlantic rules apply).
- Gulf Grouper Aggregate Bag Limit - all species of grouper in the Gulf are included in a 4 fish per harvester per day aggregate bag limit in any combination of grouper species.
- Seasons If no seasonal information is provided, the species is open year-round.
- * Zero bag limit for captain and crew of for-hire vessels applies to gag, black, and red grouper only.



can be gag or black

· Gulf - 2 per harvester*

Issued: July 2022 New regulations are highlighted in red

(please visit: MyFWC.com/Fishing/Saltwater/Recreational for the most current regulations)

All art: © Diane Rome Peebles, except blueline tilefish, golden tilefish and snowy grouper (Duane Raver); lionfish (FWC); and crustaceans and mollusks

Snapper, Vermilion ▲ ◆ ● X **Snapper, Lane** Minimum Size Limits: Atlantic and Gulf - 8 **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:** Daily Recreational Bag Limit: • Atlantic - 10 per harvester Atlantic - 5 per harvester not included Gulf - 100 pounds per harvester, not included within snapper aggregate bag limit Snapper. Schoolmaster A + • ■ Yellowtail Minimum Size Limits: • Atlantic and Gulf - 12" Daily Recreational Bag Limit: **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:** • Atlantic and Gulf - 10 per harvester Grouper, Warsaw & Speckled Hind **Minimum Size Limits:** Atlantic and Gulf - None Daily Recreational Bag Limit: • Atlantic and Gulf - 1 per vessel per day of each species Daily Recreational Bag Limit: $\blacktriangle \blacklozenge \blacklozenge \bullet$ **Other Groupers** Other Grouper includes: • Rock Hind, Red Hind, Coney, Graysby, Misty, and Yellowedge Season: • Atlantic - Rock hind, Red hind, Coney, Graysby: Closed Jan. 1-April 30 Daily Recreational Bag Limit: · Atlantic - All others open year-round · Gulf - Open year-round **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:** counties: Open June 1-Dec. 31 · Atlantic - 3 per harvester **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:** · Gulf - 4 per harvester • Atlantic - 1 per harvester. Only 1 fish

Reef Fish

Red Porgy

• Atlantic - 14'

· Gulf - None

Minimum Size Limits:

Atlantic - 3 per harvester

• Gulf - 100 pounds

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

Other Reef Fish (If no season information is provided, the species is open year-round)



Tilefish. Golden

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: Atlantic - 1 per harvester • Gulf - 100 pounds or 2 per person,

whichever is greater Remarks

• Golden tilefish included within Atlantic Grouper aggregate bag limits



Regulations only apply in Collier, Monroe, Miami-Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, and

- Daily Recreational Bag Limit:
- · May possess one over 36" per vessel.



Amberjack, Lesser & Banded Rudderfish▲●X

Minimum Size Limits: · Atlantic and Gulf - Cannot be less than 14" or greater than 22" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: · Atlantic and Gulf - 5 per person aggregate of the two species



Atlantic regulations apply to Monroe county

- Minimum Size Limits: Atlantic - 16" fork length
- Gulf 14" fork length
- Season: • Atlantic - Open May 1-Oct. 31 · Gulf - Open year round
- Daily Recreational Bag Limit: · Atlantic - 1 per harvester · Gulf - 5 per harvester



Black Sea Bass Minimum Size Limits: • Atlantic - 13"

Gulf - 10"

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: · Atlantic - 7 per harvester · Gulf - 100 pounds per harvester



Triggerfish (Gray) ▲ ● X Minimum Size Limits:

- · Atlantic 12" fork length
- · Gulf 15" fork length

Season:

- · Atlantic Open year-round
- · Gulf Open March 1-May 31, Aug. 1-Dec. 31, see MyFWC.com for updates
- Daily Recreational Bag Limit: · Atlantic - 10 per harvester

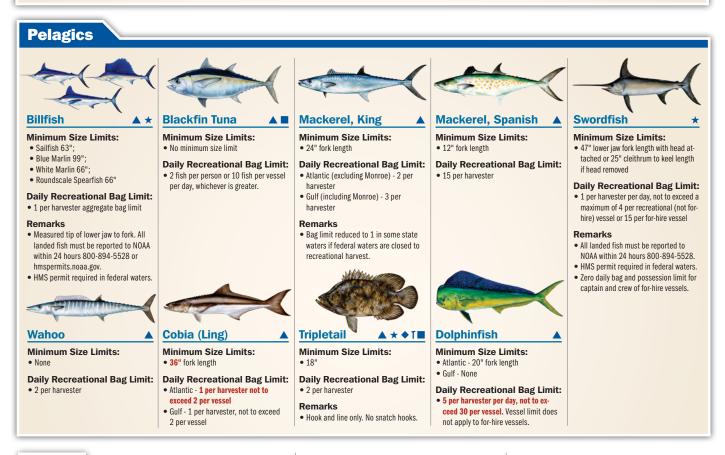




African Minimum Size Limits:

· 24" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: · 2 per harvester per day, not to exceed 2 per vessel





Scan this code with your mobile device to view the regulations online.

Buy your license online at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com, or toll free at: 1-888-347-4356 or at Fish|Hunt FL app

Report fish and wildlife law violations toll free at: 1-888-404-3922

Coastal Species



Bluefish

Minimum Size Limits: • 12" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

 Atlantic - 3 per harvester · Gulf - 10 per harvester (includes Monroe County)



Size Limits:

- 22" fork Special Permit Zone (SPZ); Not less than 11" or more than 22" fork length all other areas
- **Closed Season:** • April 1-July 31 SPZ Only
- Daily Recreational Bag Limit:
- 1 per harvester, not to exceed 2 per vessel SPZ:
- 2 per harvester all other state waters.

Remarks

- May possess 1 over 22" fork length outside the SPZ, not to exceed 2 over 22" fork per vessel per day. For map of SPZ, please see: MyFWC.com.
- · Zero daily bag and possession limit for captain and crew on for-hire vessels



Black Drum A 🔶 T 🗖

Size Limits: • Not less than 14" or more than 24"

- **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:**
- . 5 per harvester
- Remarks · May possess one over 24". Snatching prohibited.



Bonefish

0 per harvester

· Catch and release only

· Hook and line only

Weakfish

Minimum Size Limits:

All other areas - no minimum

· All other areas - 100 pounds per

• Regulations apply in parts of Nassau

See map at: MyFWC.com/Fishing/

Saltwater/Recreational/Weakfish

Nassau County - 12"

WMA - 1 per harvester

harvester

Remarks

County only.

Weakfish Management Area (WMA) in

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

Remarks

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- Minimum Size Limits: 14'
- **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:** 5 per harvester
- **Closed Season:** Oct. 15-Nov. 30 Remarks
- May be harvested by spearing. Snatching prohibited.

Spotted Seatrout

Size Limits:

 Not less than 15" or more than 19" • May not possess more than 1 over 19" per vessel

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: • 3 per harvester per day W.P. Zone

- 5 per harvester per day B.B. Zone • 3 per harvester per day S. Zone
- 2 per harvester per day C.E. Zone
- 5 per harvester per day N.E. Zone

Closed Season:

- Feb. W.P. Zone • Nov. - Dec. C.E. Zone

Remarks

- · 6 fish vessel limit south of state road 64 (Manatee County) through Gordon Pass (Collier County). See map on pg. 9.
- · See management zone map on pg. 8. · Zero bag limit for captain and crew of
- for-hire vessels statewide

Minimum Size Limits: • 11" fork length

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: 6 per harvester

Remarks

 Hook and line, cast net and beach or haul seine ONLY.



Gulf Kingfish





Examples of "unregulated species" include:

No minimum

and Spot

None

Snook

(All species)

end of February, and May 1-Aug. 31.

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

Remains Catch-and-release only south

of state road 64 (Manatee County) to

Gordon Pass (Collier County). See map

Snook permit required for harvest

Minimum Size Limits:

100 fish per harvester

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

when saltwater license required. See

MvFWC com for snook permit details

Snatch hooks and spearing prohibited. · Zero daily bag and possession limit for

Size Limits:

1 per harvester

Remarks

on pg. 9.

Ladyfish, bonito, menhaden, white grunt, southern stingray, gulf kingfish (whiting), pinfish, Atlantic croaker, jack crevalle, cero mackerel, hardhead catfish, gafftopsail catfish, lionfish.

- * No license is required to harvest lionfish by dipnet, pole spear or Hawaiian sling and lionfish bag limit is unlimited for both Gulf and Atlantic state waters.
- Additional gear rules apply, please see: MyFWC.com

Jack Crevalle

- T Harvest prohibited by or with the use of any multiple hook (any hook with two or more points and a common shaft) in conjunction with live or dead natural bait.
- State Reef Fish Angler designation required when fishing for select reef fish spe-X cies from a private vessel in the Gulf of Mexico or Atlantic Ocean.

- **Atlantic Croaker** Sheepshead ● ★ ▲ T Minimum Size Limits: Minimum Size Limits: • 12' **Daily Recreational Bag Limit: Daily Recreational Bag Limit:** · Atlantic - 50 per harvester per species 8 per harvester (excludes Monroe county) Remarks · Gulf - 100 lbs. per harvester Snatching prohibited (including Monroe county) Vessel limit of 50 fish during March and April Tarpon o 🛨 î 🗉 **Recreational Bag Limit:** Not less than 28" or more than 32" • 1 per harvester per year. \$50 harvest Atlantic excluding Monroe tag required. Vessel limit of one fish. Not less than 28" or more than 33" Harvest tag can only be used when fish Gulf and Monroe County is retained for potential IGFA record. **Closed Season:** Remarks • Atlantic (excluding Monroe) closed Dec. 15-Jan. 31 and June 1-Aug. 31. · Gulf including Monroe County, Dec. 1-
 - Tarpon over 40 inches must remain in the water during release. Spearing and snatch hooking prohibited. Bottom weighted jigs prohibited in Boca Grande Pass. See: MvFWC.com/Fishing/ Saltwater/Recreational/Tarpon for additional information.



Size Limits:

- Not less than 18" or more than 27"
- Daily Recreational Bag Limit: • 2 per harvester per day in the NE zone, and 1 per harvester in the NW and S zone. See map on pg. 6.
- · Vessel and off water transport limits apply

Remarks

- New regulations coming soon.
- Remains Catch-and-release only south of state road 64 (Manatee County) to Gordon Pass (Collier County). See map on pg. 9.
- Gigging, spearing, snatching prohibited. Harvest in Federal waters prohibited.

Can't find your fish in the regulations?

Florida's coastal waters are home to thousands of marine species, and the majority of these species have no specific regulations with regard to bag limits, size limits, gear restrictions or closed seasons. These species are often referred to as "unregulated species," although the name can be a bit misleading. State law provides that for any marine species that does not have specific regulations, harvesting more than 100 pounds or two fish (whichever is the greater amount) constitutes a commercial quantity and requires a commercial license. This means the recreational harvest limit for any unregulated species is 100 pounds or two organisms if the combined weight of the two organisms exceeds 100 pounds.

- ★ Spearing Prohibited
- Must remain in whole condition (removal of gills and guts allowed).
- Measured as total length. Total length is the straight line distance from the most ٠ forward part of the head with the mouth closed to the farthest tip of the tail with the tail compressed or squeezed together while the fish is lying on its side. State regulations apply in federal waters.

Mullet, Striped

Minimum Size Limits: No minimum size

- **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:**
- Aggregate vessel limits
- Sept. 1-Jan. 31: 50 per vessel

captain and crew on for-hire vessels (Black) & Silver **Blue Runner**

- 50 aggregate per harvester;
- Feb. 1-Aug. 31: 100 per vessel;

Pompano, Florida▲ ★1■

Crustaceans and Mollusks

Bay Scallops

Season:

- Gulf County: Aug. 16-Sept. 24
- Franklin-NW Taylor County: July 1-Sept. 24
- Dixie and remaining Taylor County: June 15-Labor Day . Levy, Citrus and Hernando counties: July 1-Sept. 24
- · Pasco County: 10 days starting on 3rd Friday in July

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

- 2 gallons whole or 1 pint meat per harvester; no more than 10 gallons whole, or ½ gallon meat per vessel anytime
- Dixie and remaining Taylor County: From June 15-30, one gallon whole/one cup meat per person or five gallons whole/two pints meat per vessel, whichever is less

Remarks

· Harvest allowed only in state waters of the Gulf of Mexico from the Pinellas - Pasco county line, to the west bank of the Mexico Beach Canal in Bay County. Direct transit through closed areas permitted.

Shrimp

- Closed Season: April & May closed in Nassau, Duval, St. Johns,
- Putnam, Flagler & Clay counties **Daily Recreational Bag Limit:**
- . 5 gallons heads on per harvester or vessel, whichever is less

Remarks

- Visit: MyFWC.com/Fishing and select "Saltwater", "Regulations" and "Shrimp" for additional regula-
- tions specific to Dade. Nassau and Duval See 68B-31 F.A.C for more information on areas closed to shrimping

THE REAL PROPERTY AND Spiny Lobster

Minimum Size Limit:

- · Carapace must be greater than 3" measured in the water
- Seasons:
- Sport Season open July 27-28, 2022 • Regular Season opens Aug. 6 through March 31

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• Sport Season: 6 per harvester per day in Monroe County and Biscayne National Park, 12 in all other harvest areas. · Regular Season: 6 per harvester in all areas

Remarks

· Recreational trapping prohibited. Spiny lobster permit required when license required. Harvest of egg-bearing females prohibited.



(whole in shell)

· Illegal to harvest from closed areas.

- . Go to www.FloridaAquaculture.com for allowable harvesting areas.
- · May not harvest half hour after official sunset until half hour before official sunrise.

Crab. Stone

Minimum Size Limits: 2 7/8" claw

Closed Season: • May 2-Oct. 14

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: • 1 gal. claws per harvester or 2 gal. per vessel, whichever is less

Remarks

 5 traps maximum. Visit MyFWC.com for statewide trap construction requirements and specific requirements that apply in Miami-Dade, Monroe and Collier. Illegal to possess whole crab. Harvest of egg-bearing crabs prohibited. See how to properly de-claw on our website. New trap registration requirements, visit GoOutdoorsFlorida.com to register.



Closed Season:

 Regional trap closures apply. Visit MyFWC.com for 2022 trap closure dates and locations.

Daily Recreational Bag Limit: • 10 gallons whole per harvester

Remarks

 5 traps maximum. Trap requirements apply. Harvest of egg-bearing crabs prohibited. New trap registration requirements, visit GoOutdoorsFlorida. com to register.



Minimum Size Limit:

Closed Season:

• 3"

- June, July, Aug. in Dixie, Wakulla, Levy counties.
- · July, Aug., Sept. in all other areas except Apalachicola Bay which has open areas year-round.
- Apalachicola Bay: Closed

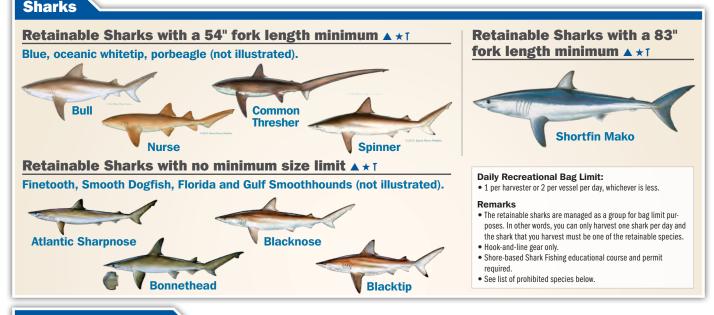
Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

· 2 bags per harvester or vessel except

Apalachicola Bay

Remarks

- · Harvest from approved shellfish areas during daylight hours only.
- . Go to FloridaAquaculture.com to determine the Open or Closed status of shellfish harvesting areas.
- May not harvest half hour after official sunset until half hour before official sunrise.
- 1 Bag = 60 lbs. or two 5 gal. buckets (whole in shell)
- · Harvest prohibited in any harvest area that is in the Closed status as determined by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- Bay County: Harvest and possession prohibited in West Bay Estuarine Habitat Restoration Project Zone



Prohibited Species

It is unlawful to harvest, possess, land, purchase, sell or exchange the following species:

Goliath Grouper (Jewfish), Nassau Grouper, Sawfish, Atlantic Angel Shark, Basking Shark, Bigeye Sand Tiger Shark, Bigeye Sixgill Shark, Bigeye Thresher Shark, Bignose Shark, Caribbean Reef Shark, Caribbean Sharpnose Shark, Dusky Shark, Galapagos Shark, Lemon Shark, Longfin Mako Shark, Narrowtooth Shark, Night Shark, Silky Shark, Sand Tiger Shark, Sandbar Shark, Sevengill Shark, Sixigill Shark, Smalltail Shark, Spiny Dogfish, Whale Shark, White Shark, Tiger Shark, Greater, Scalloped and Smooth Hammerhead Shark, Manta Ray, Devil Ray, Spotted Eagle Ray, Longbill Spearfish, Mediterranean Spearfish, Sturgeon, Queen Conch, Calico Scallop, Stony, Hard, Black and Fire Corals, Sea Fans, Bahama Starfish, and Longspine Urchin. Harvest of live rock in state waters is prohibited. Puffer fish harvest is prohibited in Volusia, Brevard, Indian River, St. Lucie and Martin counties.

FWC – Division of Marine Fisheries Management, 1875 Orange Ave, Tallahassee, FL 32311

Phone: 850-487-0554

This publication is provided as a guide to Florida fishing laws and regulations. The Florida Administrative Code is the final authority on fishing laws. The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) strives to ensure information in this booklet is accurate, but assumes no liability for any errors that occur in this publication.

Clams (Hard) Minimum Size Limits: • 1" thick across hinge

Daily Recreational Bag Limit:

• One 5 gal. bucket per harvester or 2 per vessel

Remarks

Marine life regulations

Requirements for marine life (aquarium species) harvest:

- Recreational saltwater fishing license
- Organisms must be landed and kept alive
- A continuously circulating live well, aeration or oxygenation system of adequate size to maintain these organisms in a healthy condition
- Allowable Gear: hand-held net, drop net, rod, barrier net, slurp gun (use of quinaldine is prohibited)*
- **Bag Limit:** 20 organisms per person per day; only 5 of any one species allowed within the 20-organism bag limit

- Possession Limit: 2-day possession limit, 40 total organisms, no more than 10 of any one species allowed
- Allowable substrate: see species specifications in table
- Closed areas: Some closed areas exist**
- Sale of recreationally caught marine life organisms is prohibited
- Regulations also apply in federal waters
- Some organisms have additional gear limitations, see chart.
- ** Various closed areas exist. See regulations for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, Everglades National Park, Biscayne National Park and Florida's State Parks before collecting in these areas.

Additional rules apply to the collection of shells containing live organisms in Lee or Manatee counties.

Marine Life — Fish SIZE LIMITS SPECIES REMARKS¹ (total length unless otherwise noted Grav French Angelfich: 11/-8" clot limit Α

Angelfish	No more than 5 per person per day in any combination	Blue, Queen Angelfish: 1 ³ / ₂ –8 [°] slot limit Rock Beauty: 2–5 [°] slot limit
Butterflyfish		1–4" slot limit
Filefish/Triggerfish	Except Unicorn Filefish, Gray Triggerfish and Ocean Triggerfish	
Gobies		Maximum size limit: 2"
Hamlets/Seabasses	Except reef fish ² and Longtail Bass	
Jawfish		Maximum size limit: 4"
Parrotfish		Maximum size limit: 12"
Porkfish		Minimum size limit: 11/2"
Pufferfish, Burrfish, Balloonfish, Porcupinefish	Includes Sharpnose Pufferfish, Striped Burrfish, Spotted Burrfish, Balloonfish, Porcupinefish	
Tangs and Surgeonfish		Maximum size limit (fork length): 9"
Wrasse/Hogfish/Razorfish	Except Hogfish Snapper	Spanish Hogfish: 2–8" slot limit Cuban Hogfish: 3–8" slot limit

Wrasse/Hogfish/Razorfish Except Hogfish Snapp

Other Marine Life fish include¹: Basslets, Batfish, Blackbar Soldierfish, Blennies, Brotulas (Black and Key), Cardinalfish, Clingfish, Cornetfish, Damselfish, Eels (Moray and Snake), Frogfish, Hawkfish, High-hat/Jackknifefish/Spotted Drum/Cubbyu, Pipefish, Reef Croakers, Seahorses, Sleepers, Yellow Stingray, Sweepers, Toadfish, Trumpetfish and Trunkfish/Cowfish.

Marine Life — I	nvertebrates		
SPECIES	REMARKS ¹		
Anemones	Corallimorphs and Zoanthids: No more than 5 polyps of each may be landed per person per day, must be harvested with a flexible blade no wider than 2". Coral- limorphs must be harvested as single polyps only. Zero bag limit on Giant Anemone (Condylactis gigantea).		
Conch, Queen	Harvest prohibited		
Corals: Hard ,stony, fire & black	Harvest prohibited		
Octocorals	No more than 6 octocoral colonies per person per day in any combination; harvest of attached substrate within $1^{"}$ of base is permitted; harvest closes when quota met.		
Crab, Hermit	Except Land Hermit Crabs		
Crab, Horseshoe	Harvest prohibited		
Live Rock	Harvest prohibited		
Octopods ³	Except Common Octopus		
Sea Fans	Harvest of Venus Sea Fan and Common (Purple) Sea Fan prohibited		
Siphonophores/Hydroids	Harvest of Fire Coral prohibited		
Sponges	Except Sheepswool, Yellow, Grass, Glove, Finger, Wire, Reef and Velvet Sponges; no more than 5 sponges per harvester per day in any combination; harvest of substrate within 1" of base permitted north and west of the southernmost point of Egmont Key, no substrate allowed south of Egmont Key		
Starfish ³	Harvest of Bahama Starfish (Cushion Sea Star) prohibited		
Urchins ³	Except Sand Dollars & Sea Biscuits; harvest of Longspine Urchin prohibited		
Other Marine Life invertebrates include ¹ : Brittlestars ³ , Decorator (Furcate Spider) Crab, False Arrow Crab, Green			

Clinging (Emerald) Crab, Nimble Spray (Urchin) Crab, Red Mithrax Crab, Red-Ridged Clinging Crab, Spotted Porcelain Crab, Yellowline Arrow Crab, Fileclams³, Upside-down Jellyfish, Nudibranchs/Sea Slugs³, Sea Cucumbers³, Sea Lilies, Cleaner/Peppermint Shrimp, Coral Shrimp, Snapping Shrimp, Nassarius Snails³, Starsnails³, Featherduster Worms and Calcareous Tube Worms.

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Hunt of a Lifetime is a nonprofit organization that grants hunting and fishing dreams to children, age 21 and under, who have been diagnosed with life threatening illnesses.

OF A LIP

If you are interested in helping a child live their dream, please contact us for more information.

Toll Free 814.572.4387 HuntofaLifetime.org

Marine Life — Plants SPECIES

LIMITS Algae, Coralline Red Caulerpa One gallon of tropical ornamental marine plants per day in any combination; 2 gallon maximum possession limit Halimeda/Mermaid's Fan/ Mermaid's Shaving Brush

1-Unless otherwise noted, combined bag limit of 20 marine life fish and invertebrates per person per day, only 5 of any one species allowed. A 2-day possession limit also applies (40 total organisms, only 10 of any one species).

- 2-Such as groupers, snappers, seabass and amberjacks. Must abide by regulations for these species on pages 10.
- 3-Bag limit of 2 live shell fish of any single species per harvester per day in Manatee County. Harvest prohibited in Lee County.

Return 'Em Right to Help Released Deep-Water Fish Survive

When reeling up fish from deep water, you might notice some have bulging eyes, a bloated belly, protruding intestines, or their stomach coming out of the mouth. These "floaters" have barotrauma, or injuries caused by pressure changes when they are rapidly brought to the surface from deep water.



If your fish needs to be released, it is important to help them **get back down to the bottom quickly**, so they have a chance to survive and be caught another day. Properly using descending devices or venting tools can help fish overcome barotrauma injuries. It takes a little practice to learn how to use these correctly, but research shows they can greatly **increase the long-term survival of released deep-water fish**.

Most descending devices attach to a fish's mouth and use weights to take fish back down to depth. A lip clamp descending device clips onto the fish's bottom jaw, while an inverted hook descending device slides through the fish's lip, ideally in the hole made by the hook. You can also use a fish elevator, such as a crate, box or net with weights that is turned upside-down, to return fish to the bottom.

Be sure to **have descending gear ready for use before your fishing trip** when fishing in federal waters of the Gulf of Mexico or Atlantic Ocean. You can attach the device and weights to a heavy-duty rod and reel designated for descending or use a rope to handline the device and weights down and back up. A good goal is to use one pound of weight for every five pounds of fish being descended. Use a combination of loop knots, swivels, snaps, clips, etc. to attach the weights and device to your line. Be able to quickly and easily add or remove weights as needed, based on the size of the fish being descended and the water conditions. Unless you use a pressure-sensor device that releases fish automatically, you'll need to jig your device to release the fish once the weights have brought it back down to depth.

Venting is an alternative to descending but is only effective if done correctly with a proper hollow-tubed instrument piercing the side of the fish at a 40° angle, approximately two to three inches behind the base of the pectoral fin, to allow air to escape from the swim bladder. Do not puncture the fish's stomach or intestines if they are coming out of the fish.

Be aware of gear regulations for best fishing practices in the area you are fishing. Download the Fish Rules app to stay updated on these regulations and more. Visit the reef fish gear webpage at MyFWC.com/ ReefFishGear to view gear rules. Learn about best fishing practices at MyFWC.com/FishHandling. Visit ReturnEmRight.org to learn more and see if you are eligible for free descending gear.





- A. Designated rod and reel with descending device and weights.
- B. Rigged descending device with weight.
- C. Active descent of red snapper with lip clamp descending device and 3-pound weight.



- A. Inverted hook descending device through lower jaw of the fish that needs to be descended.
- B. Alternative inverted hook descending device through the hole made by a circle hook.
- C. Hollow tip venting tool at a 40° angle, placed behind the base of the pectoral fin.

Photos: Return 'Em Right



Florida Friendly Fishing Guide

Looking for an eco-minded fishing guide?

When scheduling your next fishing trip, visit the Florida Friendly Fishing Guide certification program page to find guides who are committed to preserving the future of Florida's fisheries by using sustainable boating and fishing practices.

Established by UF/IFAS, Florida Sea Grant, and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the online certification course covers fisheries management, best practices for catch and release fishing, sustainable waste management and fueling, and other topics. Salt and freshwater fishing guides that have completed the voluntary course show that they adhere to the highest environmental standards. Learn more about this program and how to find a Florida Friendly Fishing Guide near you at:

bit.ly/fl-friendly-guides

For questions, please email Savanna Barry at Savanna.barry@ufl.edu



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Help Plan the Future of the Kristin Jacobs Coral Reef Ecosystem Conservation Area

The Kristin Jacobs Coral Reef Ecosystem Conservation Area (Coral ECA) is a newly renamed conservation area offshore of Martin, Palm Beach, Broward and Miami-Dade counties. The area stretches from the St. Lucie Inlet to the northern

boundary of Biscayne National Park and includes state waters and sovereign submerged lands.

A fisheries stakeholder committee has been formed to develop recommendations to enhance the coral reef ecosystem and fishing quality in the Coral ECA. These recommendations will be shared with local, state and federal government agencies to help guide management of these waters.

The committee has engaged in discussions related to important environmental issues impacting the



ssues impacting the Coral ECA, including water quality, habitat loss and coral disease.

The committee seeks to engage the fishing and diving community in Southeast Florida by distributing a public survey and encouraging participation in public meetings.



FLSeaGrant.org/fisheries-conservation-coral-eca

How can you get involved?

Visit the website or scan the QR code to receive updates on the next public meeting, an upcoming survey and the committee's progress.



Recreational gear

Additional regional gear restrictions may apply in your county. For further clarification, contact the local regional offices listed on page 24.

Reef fish gear rules

(applies to species marked with ● on pages 10-11)

- **Gulf of Mexico:** These regulations require the use of a dehooking device when recreationally fishing for reef fish in the Gulf of Mexico. All persons aboard a vessel harvesting reef fish must possess and use nonstainless steel non-offset circle hooks when using natural baits.
- Atlantic Ocean: Recreational and commercial fishers are required to use dehooking devices as needed while fishing for reef fish. (New) When fishing for reef fish using hookand-line with natural baits from a vessel, non-stainless steel, non-offset circle hooks are required N. of 28 degrees N. latitude and non-stainless steel hooks are required S. of 28 degrees N. latitude

These rules apply to all members of the reef fish complex including groupers, snappers, amberjacks, red porgy, gray triggerfish, black sea bass, golden tilefish, banded rudderfish, speckled hind and others. For a complete species list, please visit MyFWC.com.

Hook-and-line gear

Hook-and-line anglers must tend their gear at all times to prevent people, marine life and shore life from becoming entangled in the line or injured by the hook. Also, it is against the law to intentionally discard any monofilament netting or line into or onto state waters. Monofilament line can entangle birds, marine mammals, marine turtles and fish, often injuring or killing them. Trot lines with 10 or fewer hooks are considered hook-and-line gear and must be tended at all times while deployed. Species identified with "T" on pages 10 through 13 cannot be harvested with multi-hooks (single hook with two or more points) in conjunction with natural baits.

Nets

The following types of nets may be used for recreational purposes in Florida waters:

- Bully nets (for lobster only) no greater than 3 feet in diameter and not made of monofilament.
- Frame nets and push nets (for shrimp only) no greater than 16 feet in perimeter and not made of monofilament. Frame nets cannot be used in state waters off Dade County.
- Hand-held landing or dip nets no greater than 96 inches in perimeter.
- Cast nets measuring 14 feet or less stretched length (stretched length is defined as the

distance from the horn at the center of the net with the net gathered and pulled taut, to the lead line).

- Beach or haul seines measuring no larger than 500 square feet of mesh area, no larger than 2 inches stretched mesh size, not constructed of monofilament, and legibly marked at both ends with the harvester's name and address if a Florida resident. Non-residents using beach or haul seines for recreational purposes are required to have a commercial saltwater products license and legibly mark the seine at both ends with the harvester's saltwater products license number.
- Cast nets and seines may be used as harvesting gear for the following species only: black drum, bluefish, cobia, flounder, mullet, Florida pompano, red drum, sheepshead, shrimp, Spanish mackerel, weakfish and unregulated species (see p. 12).
- No more than two nets can be fished from any vessel and no more than one net can be fished by any person not on a vessel.

Explosives, etc.

The use of powerheads, explosives, chemicals or the discharge of firearms to kill or harvest marine life is prohibited in state waters.

Spearing

Spearing is a general term that includes bow fishing, gigging, spearfishing (underwater), or the use of any other device to capture a fish by piercing its body. Spearing does not include snagging or snatch hooking by hook and line. Marine species harvested by spearing are subject to the same recreational regulations (e.g., bag limits, size limits, and closed seasons) as those marine species that are harvested by any other type of recreationally-allowed gear. The following is a list of species or groups of species that are prohibited from harvest by all forms of spearing in state waters:

- All prohibited species (listed on p. 10-13)
- Billfish (all species)
- Bonefish
- Crab (blue, stone)
- Caribbean spiny lobster (Panulirus argus)
- Goliath grouper
- Manta ray
- Nassau grouper
- Permit
- Pompano (Florida and African)
- Red drum
- Sharks (all species including dogfish)
- Snook
- Spotted eagle ray
- Spotted seatrout
 Sturgeon
- Sturgeon
 Termon
- TarponTripletail
- Tripletall
 Weakfish
- Marine life species (listed on p. 14)
- * Volusia County You may not harvest by spearing in Volusia County inland waters with the exception of flounder and sheepshead, and

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SPEARING

only by the use of a barbed spear with three or fewer prongs.

* Special Local Laws also prohibit harvest by spearing in specific areas (Visit MyFWC.com/ Fishing and select "Saltwater," "Recreational Regulations," "Full Text Rule by Species" and "Local Laws.")

Spearfishing

Spearfishing is a specific form of "spearing" defined as "the catching or taking of a fish through the instrumentality of a hand or mechanically propelled, single or multi-pronged spear or lance, barbed or barbless, operated by a person swimming at or below the surface of the water." In addition to the harvest species limitations above, you may not spearfish:

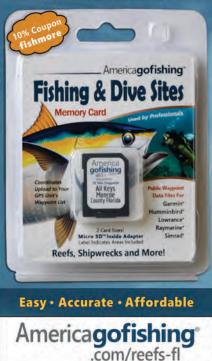
- For any species that cannot be harvested by spearing (see Spearing on pg. 18).
- For any species (freshwater or marine) in freshwater. Possession of spearfishing equipment in or on freshwater is also prohibited.
- Within the upper Keys no-spearfishing zone, which includes all state waters from the Miami-Dade County line down to and including Long Key.
- Within 100 yards of any designated public bathing beaches, commercial or public fishing piers, or portions of bridges where fishing is allowed.

- Within 100 feet of the unsubmerged portion of any jetty, except that spearing is allowed along the last 500 yards of any jetty that extends more than 1,500 yards from the shoreline.
- In or on any body of water under the jurisdiction of the Division of Recreation and Parks of the Department of Environmental Protection. Within these areas, the possession of spearfishing equipment is also prohibited except when such equipment is unloaded and is properly stored upon watercraft passing nonstop through the area.
- Within the no-take areas of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary (Visit: www.floridakeys.noaa.gov.)
- Within any area where spearfishing is prohibited by a Special Local Law (Visit MyFWC. com/Fishing and select "Saltwater," "Recreational Regulations," "Full Text Rule by Species" and "Local Laws.")

Powerheads, Bangsticks, Rebreathers

Harvest with the use of powerheads, bangsticks or rebreathers is prohibited in state waters, except that rebreathers are allowed for the harvest of lionfish. Within state waters, powerheads and bangsticks can be used for personal protection only, and cannot be used to harvest any species.

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Florida Saltwater Fishing Records

Successful anglers receive a certificate and a custom fish print.



Saltwater Angler Recognition

Prizes – Certificates, t-shirts and more

Monthly raffle entries for each achievement
 Earn more prizes as you reach more achievements

Nicole Hazellief with her mutton snapper. Below: Alexander Acala with his spotted seatrout

COASTAL CONSERVATIO

FLORIDA

Above:

Saltwater Grand Slams

Catch three specified fish species in 24 hours from nine categories.

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A DATE AND A



Facebook.com/CatchaFLMemory YouTube.com/FWCSaltwaterFishing AnglerRecognition@MyFWC.com Saltwater Reel Big Fish Catch memorable-sized saltwater fish in 30 species categories. A photo of the

entire fish on a length measuring device is required.

ARLOS

CARDENAS

INE ARTIST

Smiths

rboard

Saltwater Life List

Track your progress at catching 70 species of saltwater fish.

entifyyourself



To become a partner, contact us at AnglerRecognition@MyFWC.com or 850-487-0554.

New Saltwater Grand Slam Club Members

Grand Slam Tier 1 -3 different Grand Slams: Gregg E. Lewis **Bay and Estuary:** Gregg E. Lewis Ryan Nihill Family - Drum: Michael J. Bennett **Rob Clendenin**

Mark R. Edwards

Samantha M. Hamilton Robert A. Hollenbeck John J. Jenkins Travis A. Miller Michael A. Morrison Eduardo Rivera Jr Jon Wissman Family - Grouper: Traci R. Fallenstein Family - Grunt: **Clayton Pinera**

Family - Jack/Pompano: John H. Dobbins Family - Snapper: Jayden K. Fries **Charlie Stuve** Dylan R. Sullivan Eric P. Sullivan

Alexander Acala-Sweat

Andrew T. Wade

Bruce Wojcik

Inshore:

Marquis Baker **Douglas G. Clinger** Vincent Conwell Antoni Dahlbeck Derrick Evans Robert A Hollenbeck Donald K. House Jr **Christopher Komatz** Matthew Lanier

Fabio Andrade

Gregg E. Lewis Michele Mathes Audrey F. McClain **Tonya McConnell** Ryan Nihill Justin D. Powell **Rick Schmitz** Jerald Seelv Austin Shanahan Sheila M. Snyder

Clifford W. Thompson Jr Shoreline : Fli A. Orth **Small Fry :** Savannah Bouwer Audrey G. Corvin

New Saltwater Fish Life List Club Members

- 10 Fish Club: Steven Agapi Will Barnwell John Barrington William T. Boaz Jaxson Calhoon Kassidy Dieter **Derrick Evans** Isaac G. Garcia James Gilner Gilner
- **Jonathan Hallett** Wyatt B. Haney IV Samuel R. Hastings Marvin B. Hatcher Nicole Hazellief Barbara N. Henwood John C. Henwood Chad Hightower Jessica Honovic Robert R. Kurtz

Walker P. Lea Jr Karen Massey Tim McGarev Reed A. Miller Travis A. Miller Karen Millsap **Chuck Murphy** Rvan Nihill **Connor Orlando** Eli A. Orth

Brian Pyun Duane Redder Eduardo Rivera Jr **Casev Rogers** Eric B. Roth Charlyn P. Salts **Crystal Samuel** Stefanie Semmes Austin Shanahan Josh Smith

Crystal Wade Andrew T. Wade Christopher G. Wells Jr Lena Wiggers Zachary Woods Derek L. Yan 30 - Fish Club: Greg G. Borries Jr Joshua Cohen Alex Gaus

John Georgiades Kaelyn A. Kinley Kerry Anna Naughton-Wurl Christopher K. Perry **Robert John Pratte** David Mark Sager Ethan Sonnenberg Lane F. Warnick 50 - Fish Club: Gregg E. Lewis

New Saltwater Reel Big Fish Club Members

Tier 2 - 10 Different **Species:** Christopher K. Perry **African Pompano: Brady Rice Black Sea Bass:** Nathan C. Nielsen

Abner J. Urias Catfish:

Gwyneth Burish Patrick J. Nealon Elliot Peterson Andrew T. Wade

Florida Pompano: Esteban Acosta **Olivia Clevenger** Brent E. Harsch Steve Limer Michael A. Richardson David E. Wiltfong Gray (Mangrove) Snapper: **Carson Alston** Flounder: Carson Alston Mark Rohrbeck

Greater Amberjack: Elena Rice **King Mackerel: Glenn Salts** Ladyfish: Aaron C. Culpepper **Mutton Snapper:** Eric A. Clark **Red Drum:** Robert T. Barnum

Lathaniel Lee Crews

Derrick Evans

Christopher J. Evey Isaac C. Evey Kaelyn A. Kinley

Snook: Zisko M. Apaza

Logan G. Holley Rvan Nihill

Spanish Mackerel: Christopher J. Evey Isaac C. Evey Susan K. Gros

Spotted Seatrout: Brittany Guynn Nickolas Kapoi Jeremiah A. Kidd Shauna L. Watson

Tripletail: Michael C. Montgomery **Crystal Samuel** Vermilion Snapper: Christopher K. Perry

Yellowtail Snapper: **Clayton Pinera** Charlyn P. Salts Charlie Stuve

New Triple Threat Club Members

Olivia Clevenger Kassidy Dieter Christopher J. Evey **Derrick Evans**

Have obtained a Grand Slam, Reel Big Fish AND Life List Club Recognition Marvin B. Hatcher Steve Limer Ryan Nihill **Glenn Salts**

Josh Smith Dylan R. Sullivan Andrew T. Wade

New Florida Saltwater Fishing Records

All Tackle - White Grunt Krieger Webb Brasseale II

All Tackle - Blueline Tilefish Terri Breeden







From left to right: Krieger Brasseale with his record white grunt, Ginger Baker-Sanhueza with red drum, Christopher K. Perry with Florida pompano.

Jordan M. Jones Andrew J. Moline **Casey Rogers** Josh Smith Sheila M. Snyder Todd D. Strong Tanner Tew **Sheepshead: Ryland Coston**

Florida resident saltwater licenses	
Saltwater licenses cover both watercraft and shoreline fishing.	
Annual Saltwater License	\$17.00
Youth Saltwater Fishing License — valid until 17th birthday	\$17.00
Five-Year Saltwater License	\$79.00
Annual Saltwater Shoreline License	\$0.00

Covers saltwater fishing only from shorelines and attached structures accessible by foot. Does not cover fishing from a watercraft, fishing from a shoreline reached by watercraft, or fishing while swimming or diving.

Non-resident saltwater licenses			
Three-day Saltwater License	\$17.00		
Seven-day License	\$30.00		
Annual License	\$47.00		
Saltwater permits – residents and non-residents			
Annual Snook Permit	\$10.00		
Five-Year Snook Permit (Florida residents only)	\$50.00		
Annual Spiny Lobster Permit	\$5.00		
Five-Year Spiny Lobster Permit (Florida residents only)	\$25.00		
Tarpon Tag (available only at tax collector offices)	\$51.50		
Unless exempt from license requirements, permits are necessary for the take of Snook and Spiny Lobster. Tarpon tags required to land tarpon.			
Information for additional saltwater permits and designations			
State Reef Fish Angler Designation – those fishing for reef fish from a private vessel in Gulf and Atlantic waters. No exemptions except youth under age 16.	\$0.00		
Annual Shore-Based Shark Fishing Permit	\$0.00		
Annual Blue Crab Trap Registration	\$0.00		

Annual Stone Crab Trap Registration \$0.00 These new no-cost permits are available online only at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com.

Youth under age 16 are exempt. No other exemptions apply.

Saltwater fishing in Florida – what to know before you go:

Saltwater fishing licenses can be obtained online at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com, at county tax collectors' offices and license agents, or by calling toll-free 888-FISH-FLORIDA (347-4356). All sales are final. Handling fees apply for telephone and Internet sales. For more information on recreational licensing information, visit MyFWC.com/License.

For purposes of saltwater fishing in Florida, a resident is defined as:

- Any person who has declared Florida as his or her only state of residence as evidenced by a valid Florida driver license or identification card with both a Florida address and a Florida residency verified by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (HSMV). A Florida voter registration card, declaration of domicile, or homestead exemption may also be used as proof of Florida residency.
- Active duty United States military personnel stationed in Florida, including spouses and dependent children residing in the household, with military orders.

Saltwater license exemptions:

- Youth under 16 years of age.
- Florida resident age 65 or older with proof of age and residency, such as a Florida driver's license or identification card.

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- Florida resident fishing within his or her county of residence with live or natural bait, using poles or lines not equipped with a fishing line retrieval mechanism.
- Florida Resident Persons with Disabilities Hunting and Fishing License holder. Information at MyFWC.com/ADA.
- Florida resident accepted as a client for developmental disabilities services by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, with agency proof thereof.
- Florida resident saltwater fishing from land or a structure fixed to land who has been determined eligible for the food stamp, temporary cash assistance, or Medicaid Program by the Department of Children and Family Services. Must have proof of identification and a benefit issuance or program identification card issued by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities or the Agency for Health Care when fishing.
- U.S. Armed Forces members who is a Florida resident not stationed in the state but home on leave with orders for 30 days or less. Does not include family members.
- Individual commercial saltwater products license holders.

Florida resident combination licenses			
Annual Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing	\$32.50		
Annual Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing and Hunting	\$48.00		
Gold Sportsman's Licenses			
Includes Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing and Hunting licenses and Snook, Spiny Lobster, Management Area, Archery, Crossbow, Muzzleloading, Deer, Turkey and Waterfowl permits.			
Annual Gold Sportsman's License	\$100.00		
Five-Year Gold Sportsman's License	\$494.00		
Youth Gold Sportsman's License — valid until 17th birthday	\$100.00		
Annual Military Gold Sportsman's License	\$20.00		
Includes the same licenses and permits as the Gold Sportsman's License. Available for Florida residents who are active duty or retired military members of the U.S. Armed Forces, Armed Forces Reserve, Florida National Guard, Coast Guard or Coast Guard Reserve at county tax collectors' offices with current military identification			

card or at GoOutdoorsFlorida.com through an online verification process.

Florida Resident Lifetime Saltwater Fishing licenses

Includes Saltwater Fishing license and Snook and Spiny Lobst	er permits
Age: 0-4	\$126.50
Age: 5–12	\$226.50
Age: 13 or older	\$301.50
Florida Resident Lifetime Gold Sportsman's licenses	

Includes Saltwater and Freshwater Fishing and Hunting licenses and Snook, Spiny Lobster, Management Area, Archery, Crossbow, Muzzleloading, Deer, Turkey and Waterfowl permits.

\$401.50
\$701.50
\$1,001.50

- Those recreationally fishing from a pier that has a pier saltwater fishing license.
- Fishing from a for-hire vessel (including guide, charter, party boat) that has a valid charter boat or charter captain license.
- Fishing from a boat that has a recreational vessel fishing license.
- A Florida resident who is fishing for mullet in freshwater with a valid Florida freshwater fishing license.

More saltwater fishing licenses available at Tax Collectors' office:

Charter Boat and Charter Captain licenses are available and required to carry paying customers (where a fee is paid directly or indirectly) to take, attempt to take, or possess saltwater fish or organisms. Guides must comply with U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) requirements.

- Four or fewer customers \$201.50
- Five to ten customers\$401.50
- Eleven or more customers \$801.50

Recreational Vessel licenses are available for not-for-hire pleasure crafts that are registered recreationally for a fee of \$2,001.50.

Pier licenses are available for \$501.50 annually and exempt persons fishing from a pier fixed to land from saltwater fishing requirements.

REDFISHTag



THE CONSERVE FLORIDA'S FISHERIES LICENSE PLATE







- Show your support for Florida's fisheries, coastal habitats and marine resources on the road with a "Conserve Florida's Fisheries" specialty license plate!
- To order the specialty plate, visit RedfishTag.com and complete the online form or visit your local tax collector's office
- Online orders will be processed by our partners at the Indian River County Tax Collector's office. Arepresentative will contact each purchaser to complete the transaction.
- > Personalized (vanity) plates orders can also be purchased online or in person
- > Funds from the sale of this license plate support protecting and enhancing saltwater marine resources, expanding habitat restoration efforts and promoting coastal environmental education

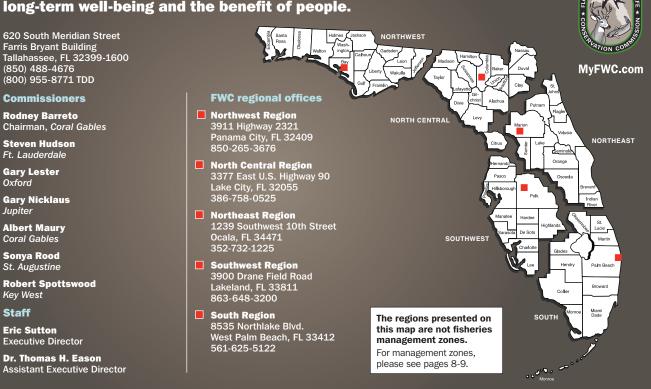
For additional information, please visit REDFISHTag.com



REDFISHTag

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

Managing fish and wildlife resources for their long-term well-being and the benefit of people.



The FWC's Division of Law Enforcement patrols Florida's coastal waters to provide assistance to boaters and anglers as well as to enforce Florida's saltwater fishing and boating laws. FWC officers assist boaters who are in distress, provide advice and direction to those who are traveling Florida's coastline and waterways, and may issue citations for violations of state and federal fishing, wildlife and boating laws.

In emergencies or if state fisheries, wildlife or boating laws are being violated, call 888-404-FWCC (3922) or for cell phone users throughout the state, dial *FWC (*392) depending on your location, hail on VHF Channel 16 or report violations via text message. Most cell phones allow users to send text messages directly to an email address. You can text Tip@MyFWC.com; standard usage fees may apply.

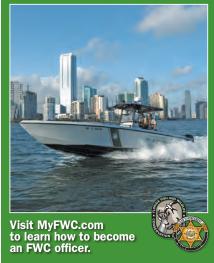
Resource Information

Join the nation's largest conservation law enforcement agency—become an FWC law enforcement officer. For more information contact the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission at 1-866-FWC-HIRE (392-4473) or visit MyFWC.com/Law

- To purchase fishing licenses: 888-FISH-FLORIDA (347-4356) GoOutdoorsFlorida.com
- FWC Division of Law Enforcement 888-404-FWCC (3922)
- To report fish and wildlife law violations, call the Wildlife Alert Hotline: 888-404-FWCC (3922)
- FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute 727-896-8626 MyFWC.com/Research
- To report fish kills: 800-636-0511
- To report fish tags: 800-367-4461 TagReturn@MyFWC.com

- To report sawfish sightings: 941-255-7403 sawfish@MyFWC.com
- Bird entanglement 888-404-3922 727-391-6211 for Tampa area
- Red tide information hotline
 866-300-9399 toll free in Florida
 727-552-2488 nationwide
- Aquatic toxins hotline: 888-232-8635
- Shellfish harvesting questions FDACS, 850-617-7600 https://www.fdacs.gov/Divisions-Offices
- To report lionfish sightings: 1-877-786-7267 MyFWC.com/Lionfish

At the FWC, it pays to love the outdoors!



Shhhhh. No wake zone.



Protect your baby (and their toys) with coverage for fishing gear and personal property too. 1-800-PROGRESSIVE / PROGRESSIVE.COM





BETTER SAFE THAN SORRY

When things go south on the water, it can happen in a flash so make sure you have towing from TowBoatUS. It's the biggest and best towing service around, with 600+ boats on the water, the red boats are everywhere and ready to help at a moments notice.

Getting You Back Safely is Our #1 Goal – GET UNLIMITED TOWING TODAY!

BoatUS.com/Towing 800-395-2628



Details of services provided can be found online at BoatUS.com/Agree. TowBoatU.S. is not a rescue service. In an emergency situation, you must contact the Coast Guard or a government agency immediately.